#### AIRFRAME

#### DESCRIPTION

The fuselage section consists of the cabin section and the tail boom. The cabin section consists of the crew compartment, passenger/cargo area, transmission mount, engine deck, and fuel tanks. The passenger/cargo doors and the crew doors have transparent plastic windows at the top. Transparent plastic windows are also provided in the cabin roof above the crew compartment. Two additional windows are located forward and below the tail rotor control pedals.

### WINDSHIELDS

Windshields are made of transparent plastic. They are set in weather-tight sealer, and are mounted to the cabin structure with dural screws, washers, and nuts.

#### CREW DOORS

Access to the crew compartment is gained through two swing-out doors hinged on the forward side. Each door incorporates three transparent plastic windows, which may be termed the forward, upper and adjustable windows. A latch assembly, which may be operated from either side of each door, secures the door in the closed position. In an emergency, doors may be jettisoned by pulling EMERGENCY RELEASE handle on inside of each door.

## HINGED PANEL DOOR

The hinged panel just ahead of the sliding door provides a wider opening for cargo loading.

## PASSENGER/CARGO DOORS

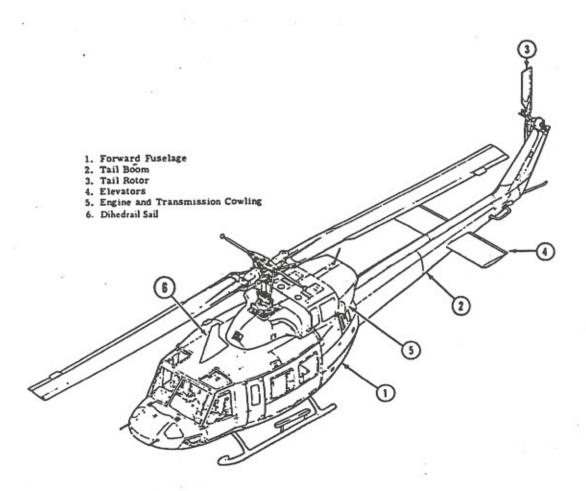
The large sliding door on each side of the helicopter provides access to the passenger/cargo area. Each sliding door has a latch for the closed position, and two windows which can be jettisoned are used as emergency escape hatches. The door can be secured in the open position by a retractable stop located on the rear bulkhead of cabin.

### POWERPLANT COWLING

The powerplant and air management systems are enclosed by the powerplant cowling. It consists of air inlet cowlings, top panels, upper and lower engine cowls, combining gearbox top panels, combining gearbox side panels, and an oil cooler fairing.

## TRANSMISSION COWLING

A one-piece cowling covering the front and sides of the upper transmission area, is secured by two latches and two hinge assemblies. For access, the unlatched fairing can be hinged forward.



Model 212 Helicopter

#### DIHEDRAL SAIL

The dihedral sail is a vertical aerodynamic fin, 6 square feet in area, mounted on the top of the cabin roof forward of the mast. This sail provides positive dihedral stability so that when the helicopter is yawed it will roll and turn in the direction of the yaw. This permits the pilot to execute coordinated turns, and the helicopter will exhibit the equivalent handling characteristics of present fixed-wing aircraft.

#### DRIVESHAFT COVERS

The tail rotor driveshafting and 42° gearbox is enclosed by four covers. Two dust covers protect the driveshafts on the tail boom, a cover assembly protects the 42° gear box, and a dust cover protects the drive shaft on the vertical fin. The dust covers are hinged along the right hand side and are secured in place by fasteners.

#### TAIL BOOM

The tail boom includes the synchronized elevator. Four special high tension bolts attach the tail boom to the forward fuselage.

#### TAIL SKID

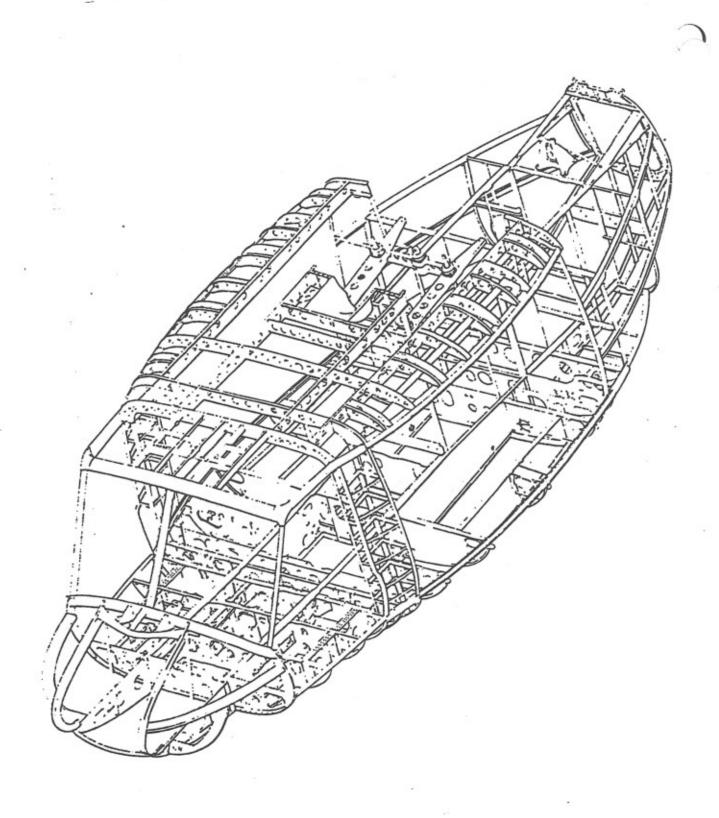
A tubular steel tail skid is attached on lower aft section of tail boom. The purpose of the tail skid is to warn the pilot of a tail-low attitude when landing.

#### LANDING GEAR

The landing gear is constructed of formed aluminum alloy tubes, consisting of two skids attached on ends of two arched cross tubes which are secured to fuselage structure by four padded caps. Each skid tube is fitted with a forward end step, a two-ring fitting, two saddles with sockets for cross tubes, a two-piece shoe along bottom, a rear end cap, and two eyebolt fittings for mounting of ground handling wheel assemblies.

Notes

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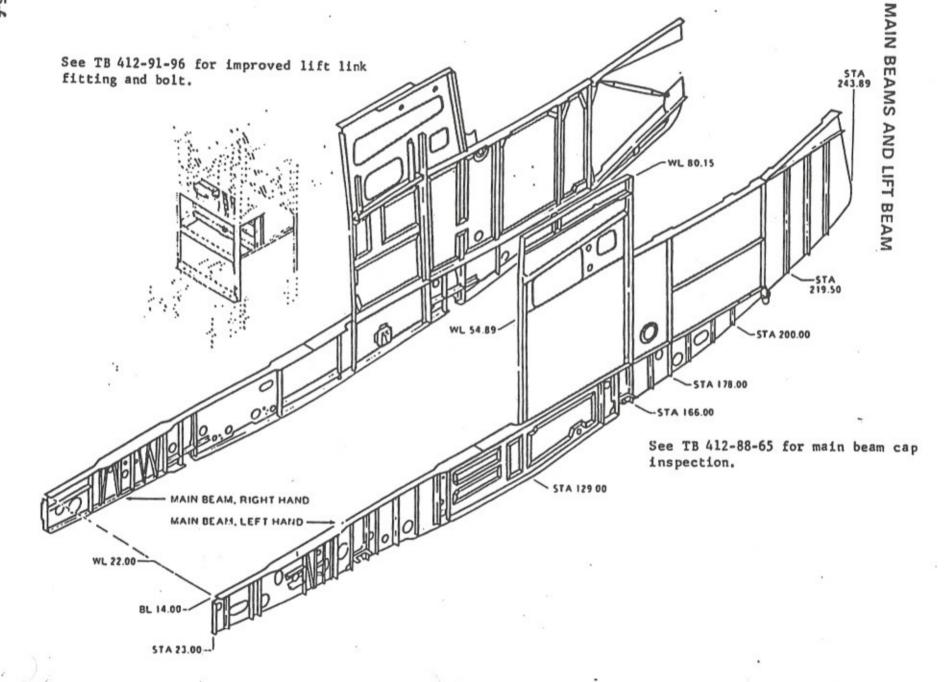


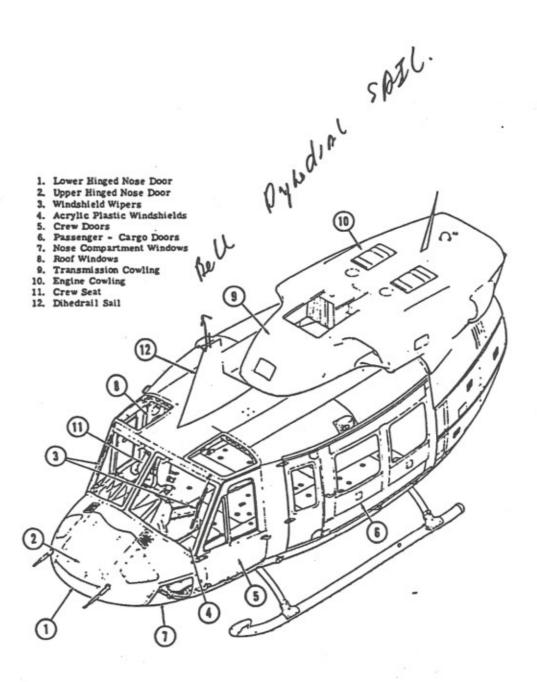
Forward Section

## FORWARD FUSELAGE STRUCTURE

The primary structure is the two main beams supporting the nose section on the forward end, tailboom on the aft end, landing gear below, and the pylon and engine deck above. The main beams with the transverse bulkheads make up the supporting structure for the cabin floor.

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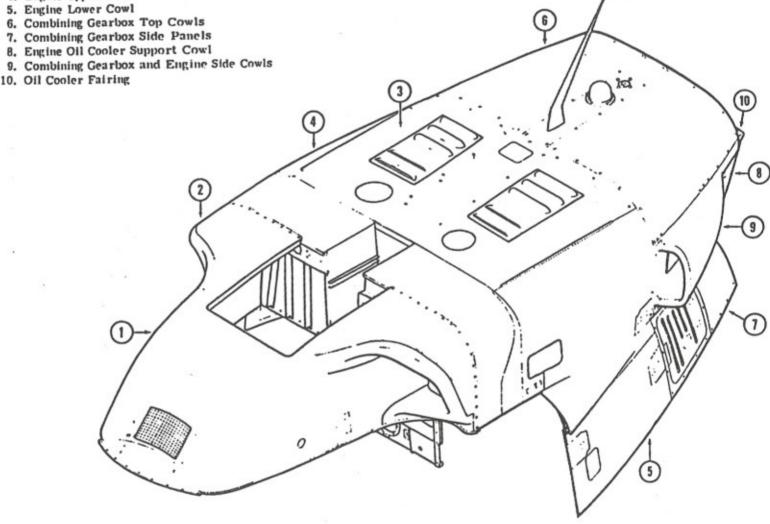


Forward Fuselage Section

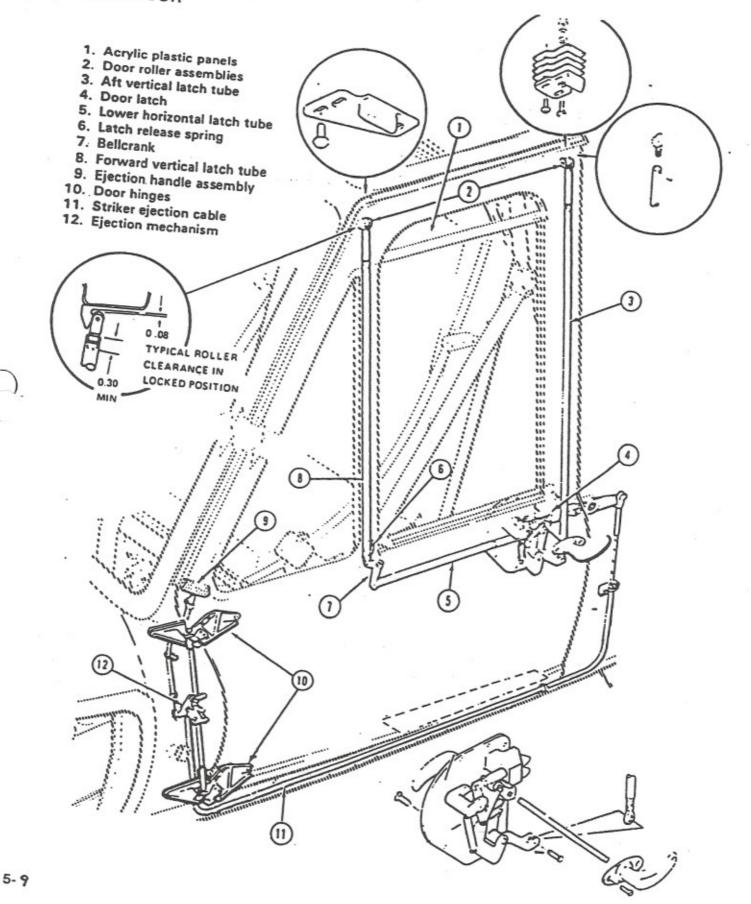
- 1. Transmission Fairing Assembly
- 2. Engine Air Inlet Fairings
  3. Engine Cowl Top Panel
  4. Engine Upper Cowl

- 5. Engine Lower Cowl

- 10. Oil Cooler Fairing



# CREW DOOR

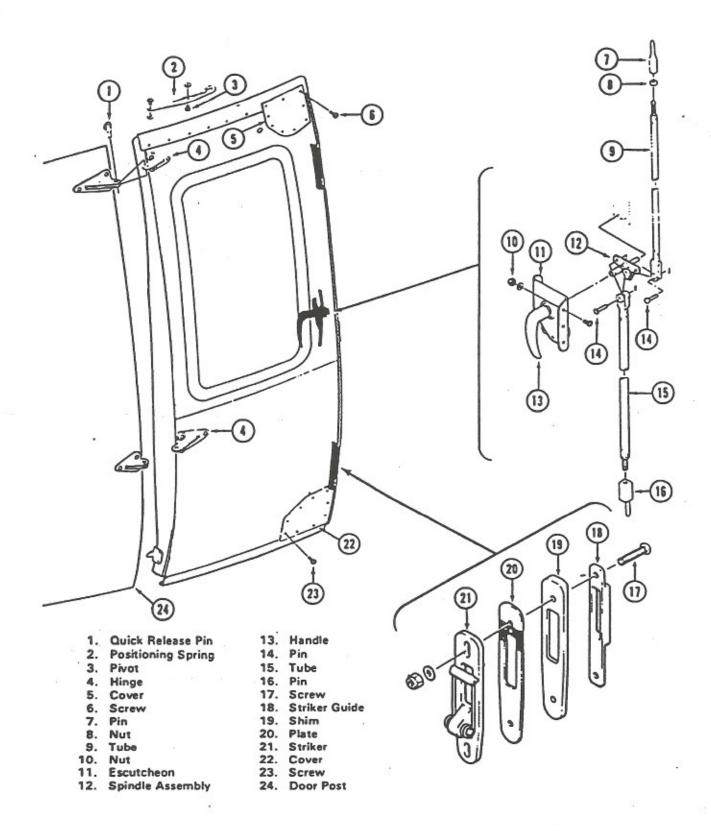


## **CREW DOOR**

Access to the crew compartment is gained through two swing-out doors hinged on the forward side. Each door incorporates three transparent plastic windows, which may be termed the forward, upper and adjustable windows. A latch assembly, which may be operated from either side of each door, secures the door in the closed position. In an emergency, doors may be jettioned by pulling EMERGENCY RELEASE handle located inside and forward of each door.

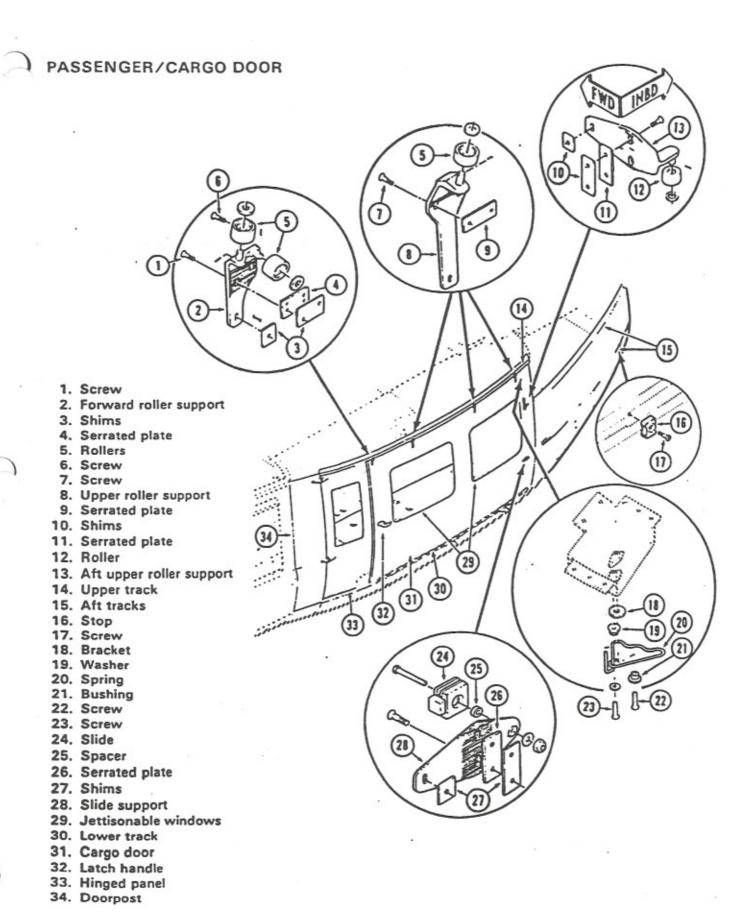
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# HINGED PANEL



## HINGED PANEL

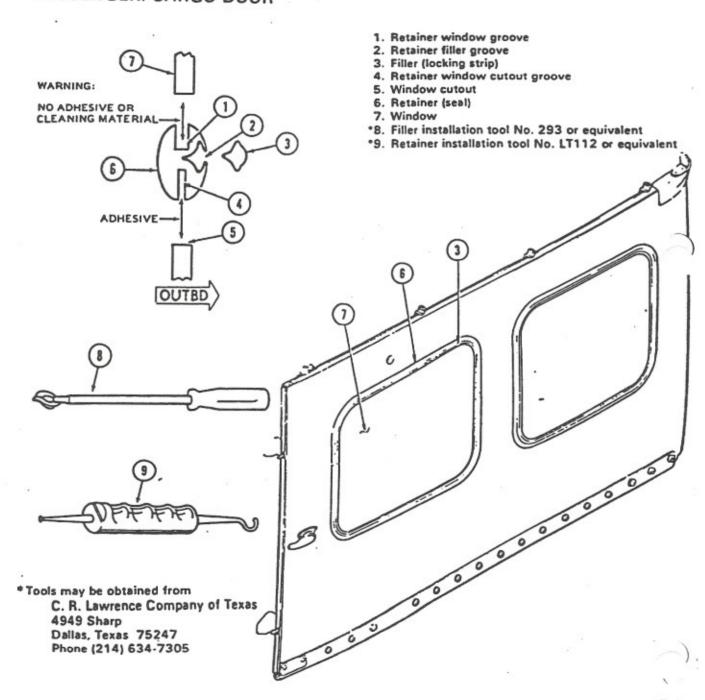
A hinged panel just forward of each sliding door opens outward and forward to increase the total width of the opening by 18 inches. Each hinged panel has a small acrylic plastic window.

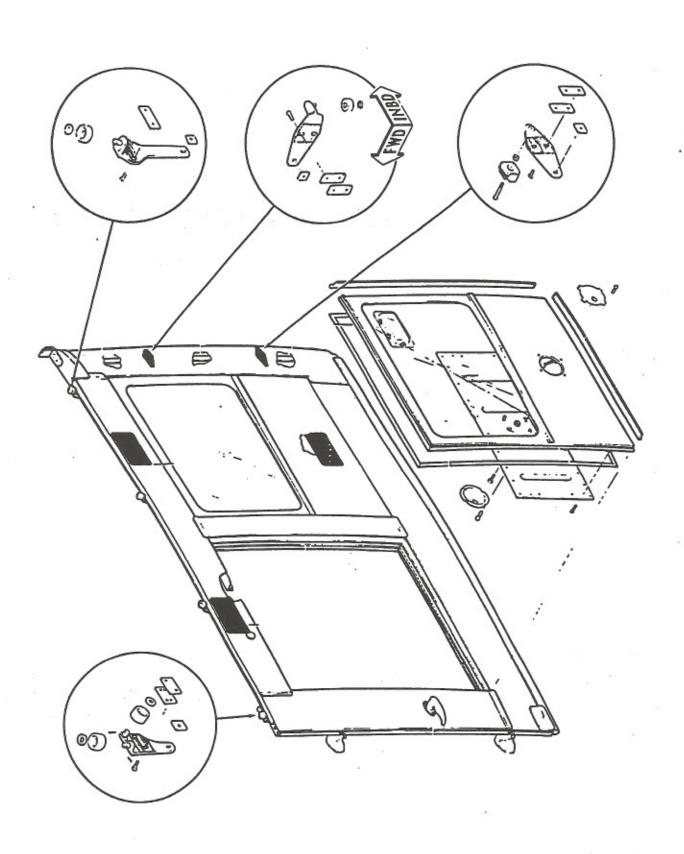



## PASSENGER/CARGO DOOR

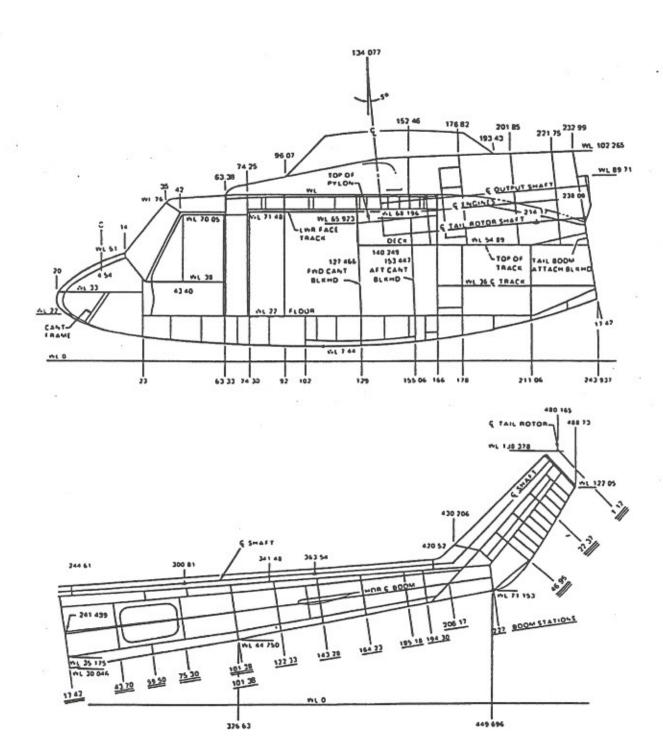
The larger sliding door on each side of the forward fuselage provides access to the passenger/cargo compartment. Each door can be secured in the open or closed position. The two acrylic plastic windows in each door are jettisonable from either the inside or outside by applying hand pressure to clearly marked spots on either sides of the window.

# PASSENGER/CARGO DOOR



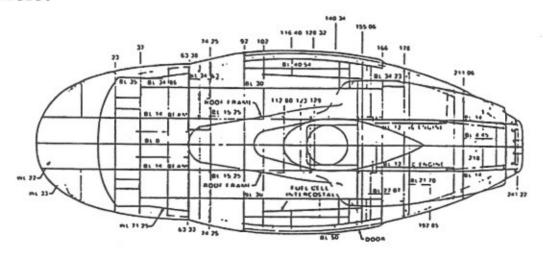


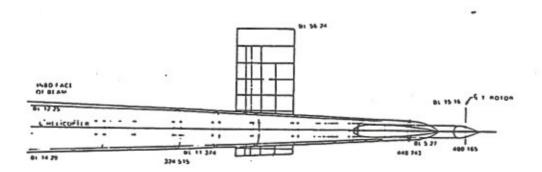
Passenger/Cargo Door Assembly



## STATION DIAGRAM

This diagram includes fuselage stations, water lines, and butt lines used to locate specific points on the airframe. This information is utilized in weight and balance, component location, and repair or replacement of airframe structure parts. All numbers are in inches, fuselage stations numbers begin at station number zero, called the reference datum line, and run vertically thru the fuselage. Station numbers forward of the reference datum line are minus numbers and numbers aft of the datum line are plus numbers. Water lines begin below the fuselage and run horizontally thru the fuselage numbered from bottom to top. Butt lines begin at the center line of the fuselage and run left and right of the center line in a horizontal plane. Butt lines right are plus numbers and butt lines left are minus numbers.



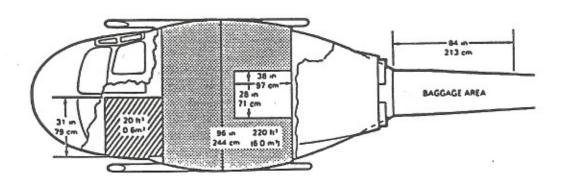


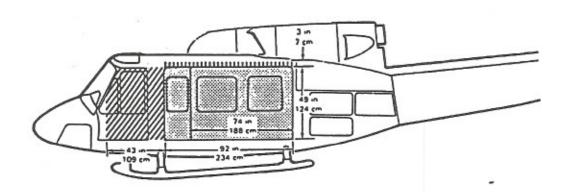
XX.XX BOOM STATION

XX.XX BAGGAGE COMPARTMENT STATION

XX.XX FIN STATION

412900-7-1A







OPTIONAL LOADING AREA, LEFT SEAT REMOVED



CARGO AREA



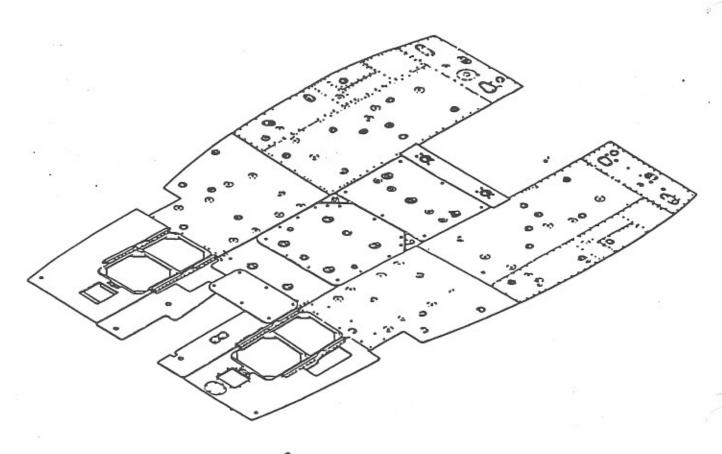
INTERIOR CLEARANCE ABOVE MAX, · · · PACKAGE A CENTER LINE OF CABIN

## STANDARD INTERIOR

The standard utility interior consists of one pilot's seat, a copilot/passenger seat and 13, easily removable, sling type passenger seats. The sling type seats are available in a variety of colors to match exterior paint design. The standard interior also includes a glass cloth insulating head liner, and the bulkheads and door posts are covered with a matching dura-covering material.

When other than a standard utility interior is required, one of a number of custom interiors may be installed.

Notes

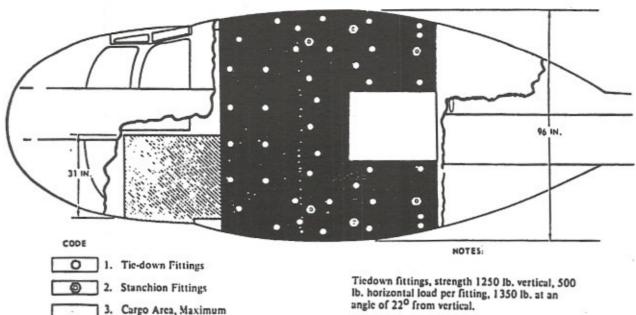




Tiedown fittings, strength 1250 lb. vertical, 500 lb. horizontal load per fitting, 1350 lb. at an angle of 22° from vertical.

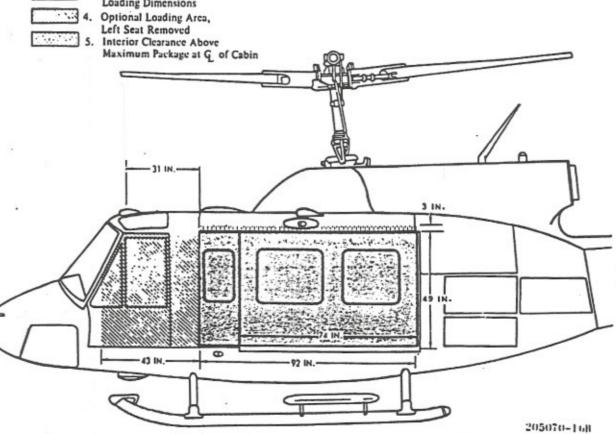
Max. floor loading - 100 lbs. per sq. foot.

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2. Stanchion Fittings

Cargo Area, Maximum Loading Dimensions

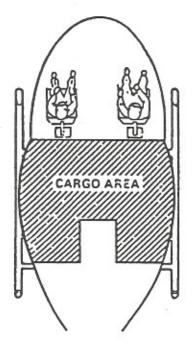


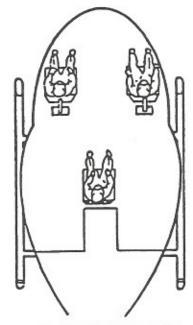
## PASSENGER/CARGO COMPARTMENT

The cabin floors and aft bulkheads are equipped with fittings that serve as attachment points for seat, tie-down rings, litter and internal hoist. Tie-downs are standard equipment in the floor. The points at which they are located are shown in the cargo loading sketch.

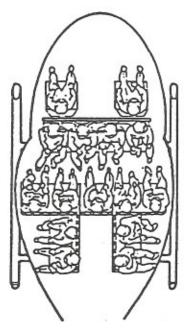
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# COMPARTMENT DIAGRAM

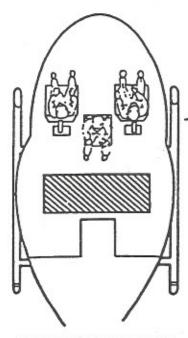




SINGLE PASSENGER SEAT MEDICAL ATTENDANT HOIST OPERATOR

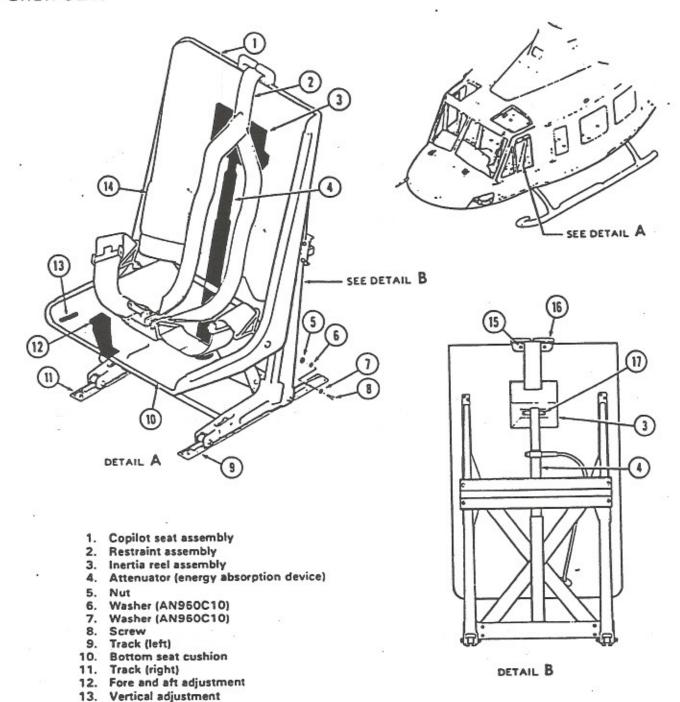


PERSONNEL TRANSPORT



PERSONNEL TRANSPORT THREE LITTER PATIENTS

## **CREW SEAT**



412070-20

## PILOT AND PASSENGER/CO-PILOT SEAT INSTALLATION

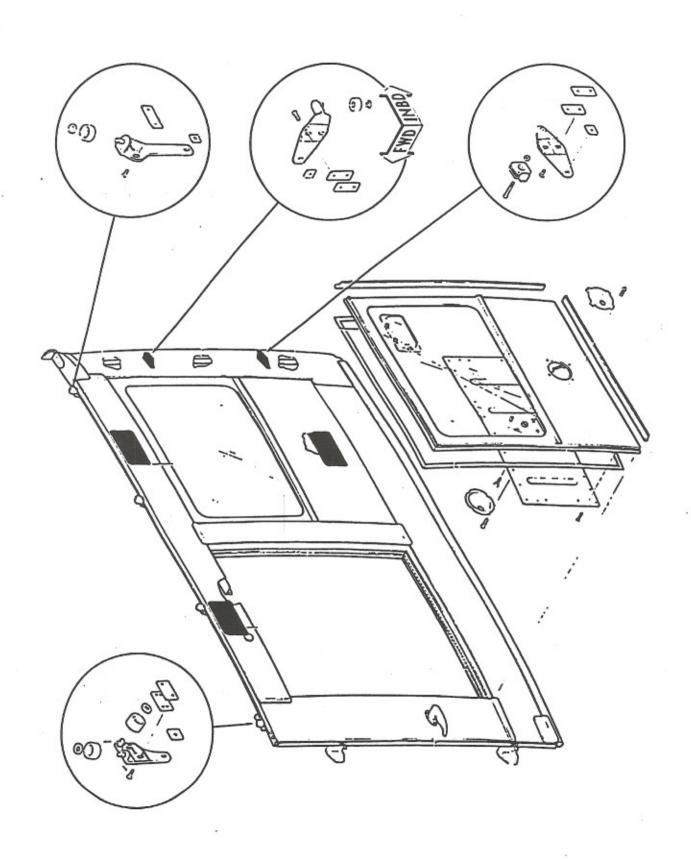
14. Back seat cushion

16. Guide (restraint assembly)

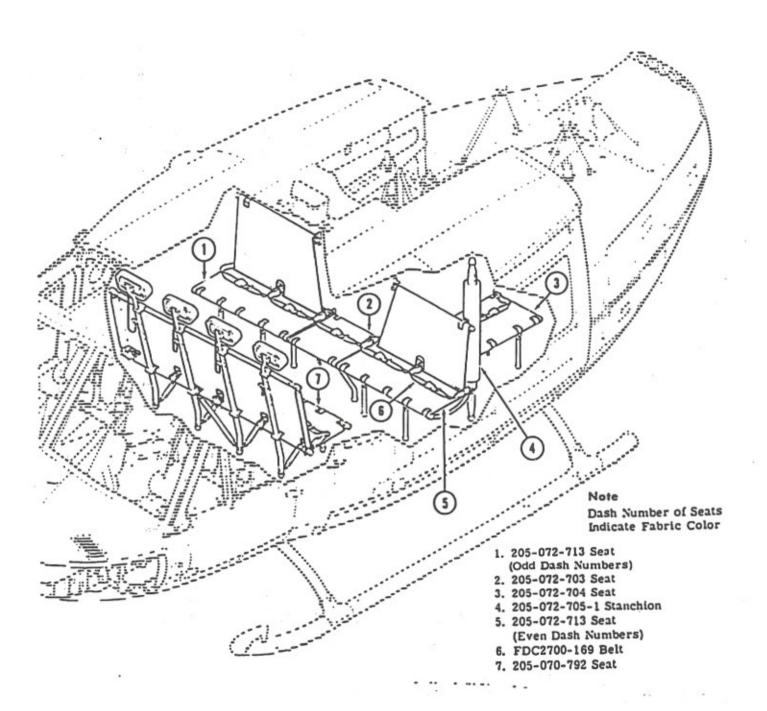
15. Screw

17. Screw

Energy - attenuating bucket seats are provided for the pilot and passenger/co-pilot. Each seat is outfitted with a seat cushion, back cushion, safety belt, shoulder harness, and inertia reel.



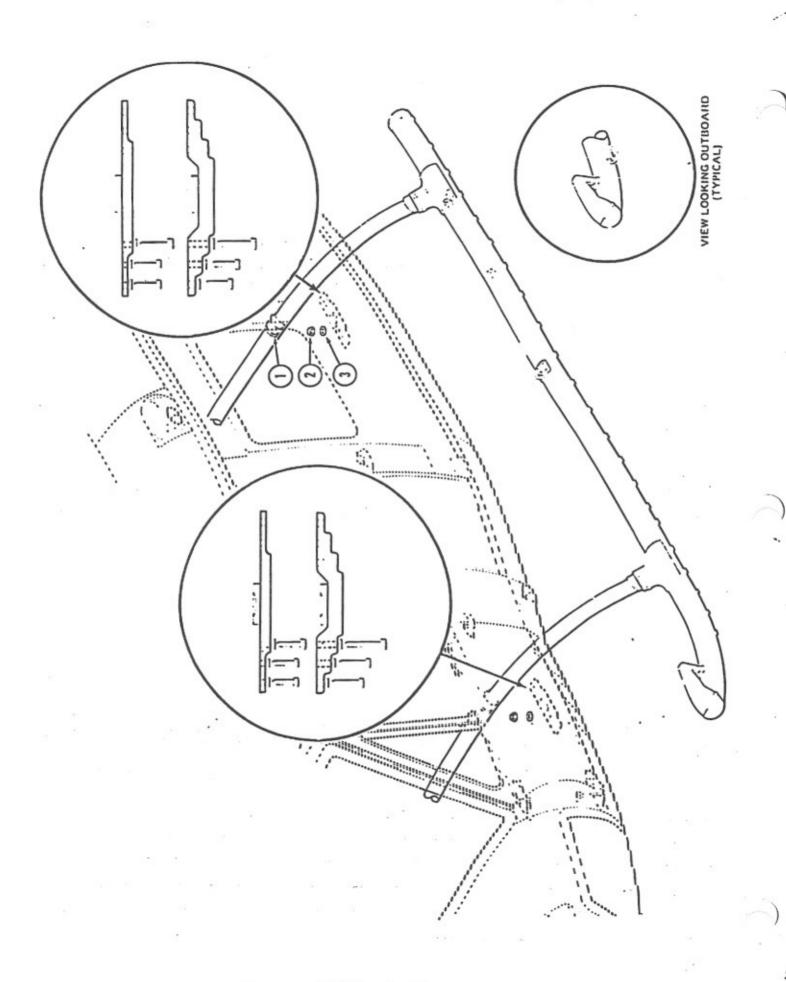
Passenger/Cargo Door Assembly



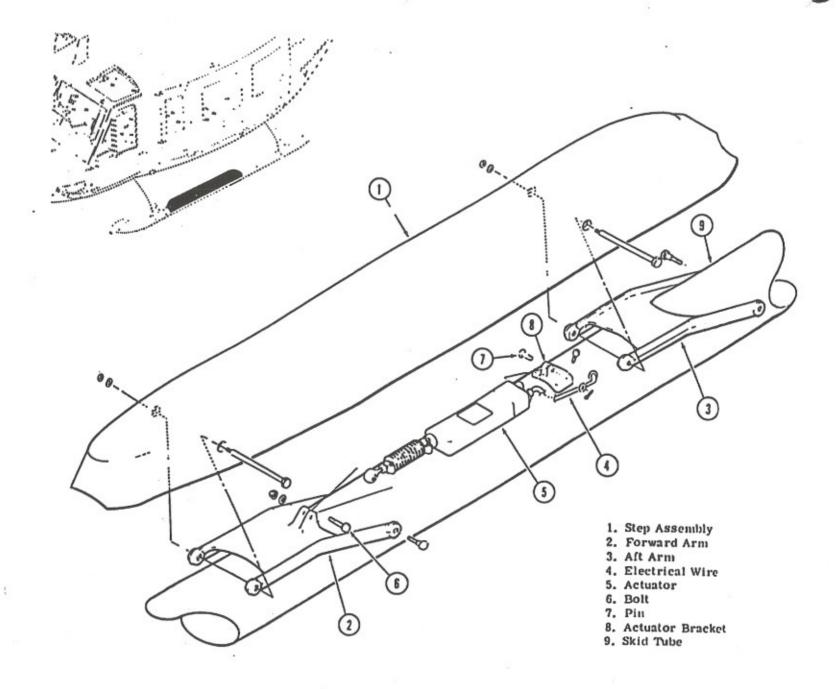
Passenger Seats

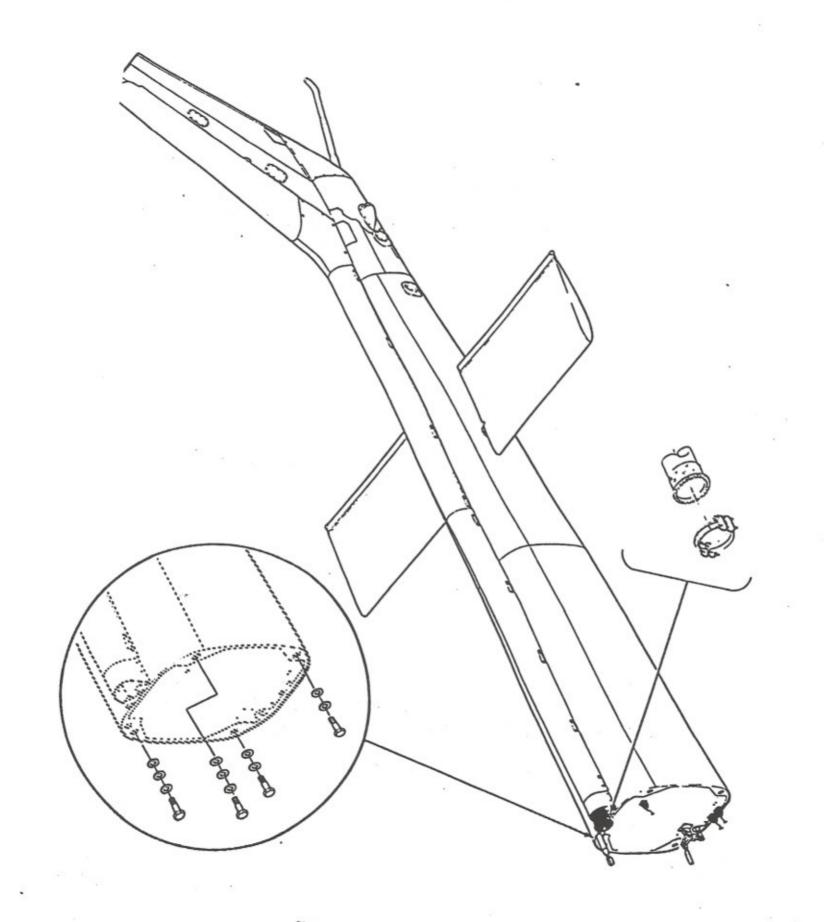


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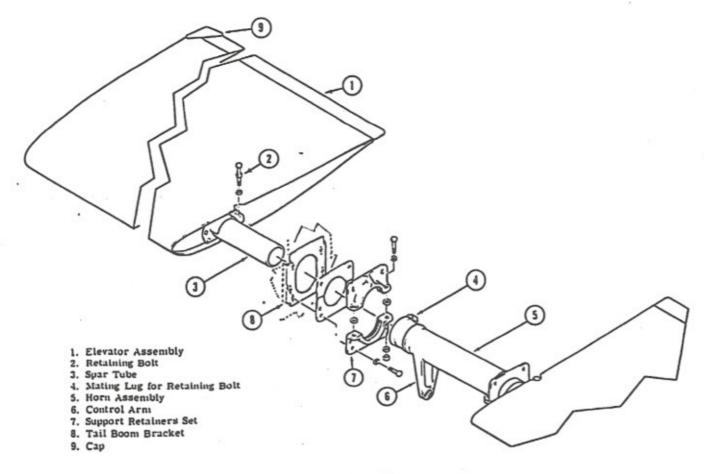


Skid Landing Gear





Tail Boom Installation



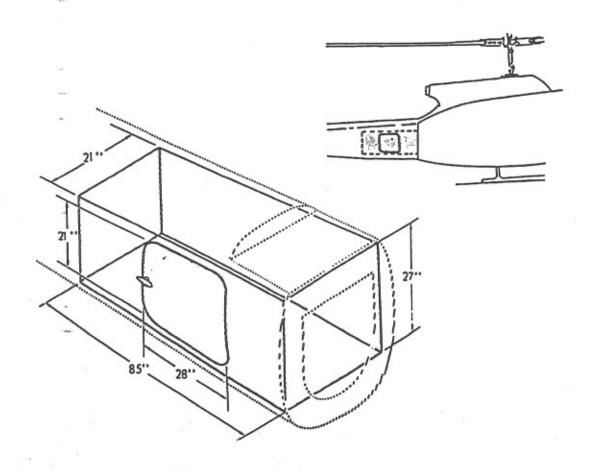
Synchronized Elevator

Notes


#### BAGGAGE COMPARTMENT

Additional internal cargo space of 28 cubic feet is available in the baggage compartment which is located in the tail boom. It can carry a total of 400 pounds. Access to the baggage compartment is through a door approximately 28" x 21" and located on the right side of the helicopter.

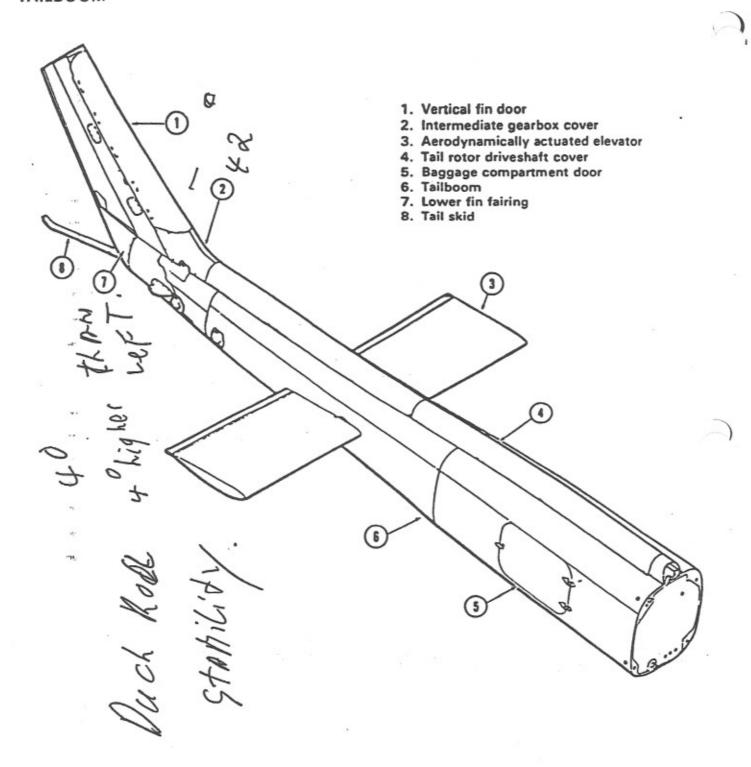
A three section cargo net is installed for securing the baggage and to prevent shifting during flight. The door handle contains a lock. The compartment has interior lights that are controlled by a door actuated switch.



# PASSENGER BOARDING STEP

Electrically actuated passenger step is mounted on the skid below the passenger/cargo door. When actuated by a switch on the pedestal in the crew compartment, the passenger step rises to a height of approximately 16 inches.

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## TAILBOOM

The tailboom assembly includes the tail rotor driveshaft covers, vertical fin, elevator, baggage compartment, and tail skid. The tailboom assembly is attached to the forward fuselage section by four tension bolts.

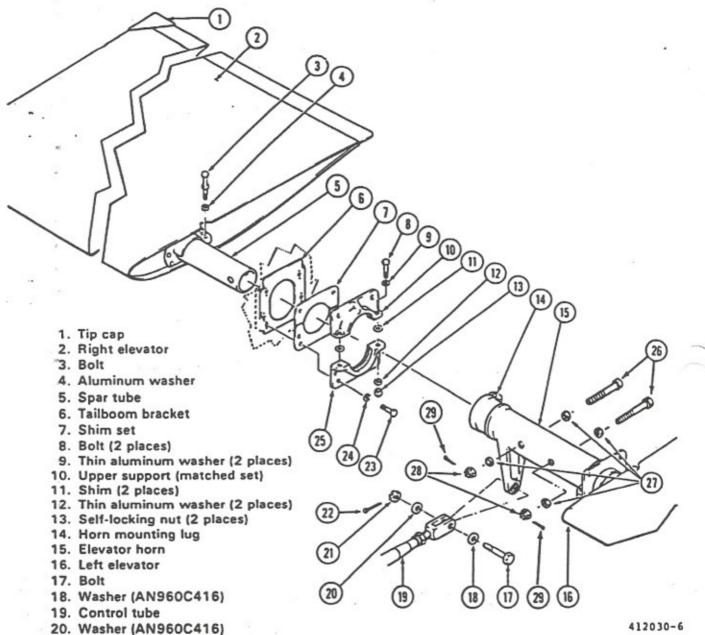
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TAILBOOM STRUCTURE				
				$\rightarrow$
B2W 	See ASB 412-90-4	9 for tailboom uppe	er longeron inspe	ction.
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# TAILBOOM STRUCTURE

The tailboom assembly is a semi-monocoque structure employing aluminum alloy skin, bulkheads, longerons, and stringers. A baggage compartment of honeycomb constructure is located in the forward section of the tailboom with the access door on the right side.

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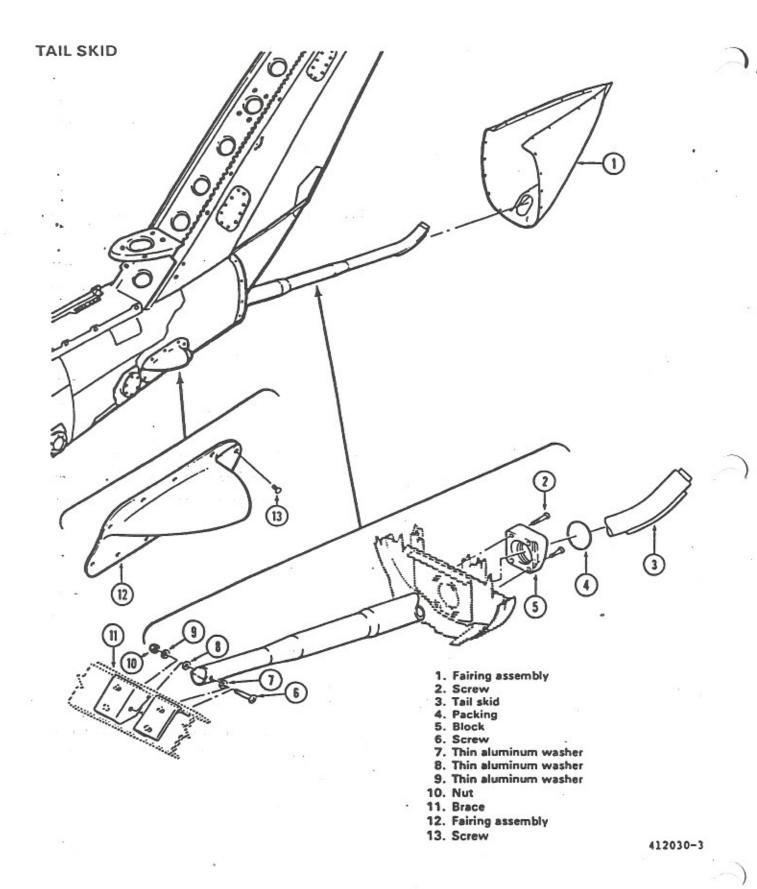
412030-6

- 21. Nut
- 22. Cotter pin
- 23. Bolt (6 places)
- 24. Thin aluminum washer (6 places)
- 25. Lower support (matched set)
- 26. Bolt
- 27. Washers (AN960PD516)
- 28. Nut
- 29. Cotter pin

# **ELEVATOR**

The elevator consists of two separate aerodynamic surfaces attached to a horn assembly extending through the tailboom. The elevator horn assembly is installed with antifriction bearings.

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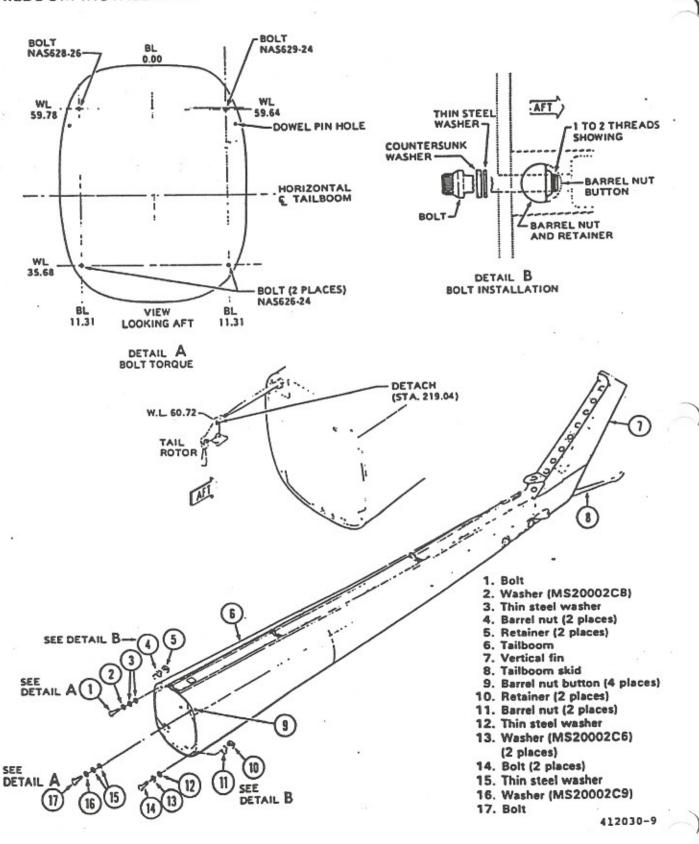


# TAIL SKID

A tubular steel tail skid is installed on the aft lower portion of the tail boom to warn the pilot of a tail low attitude when landing.

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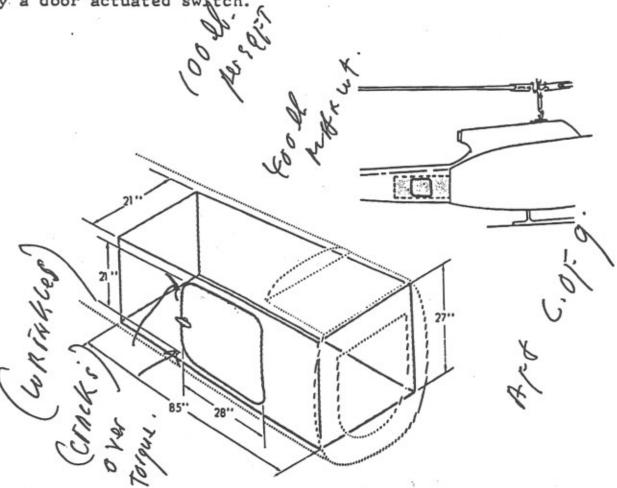
#### TAILBOOM INSTALLATION



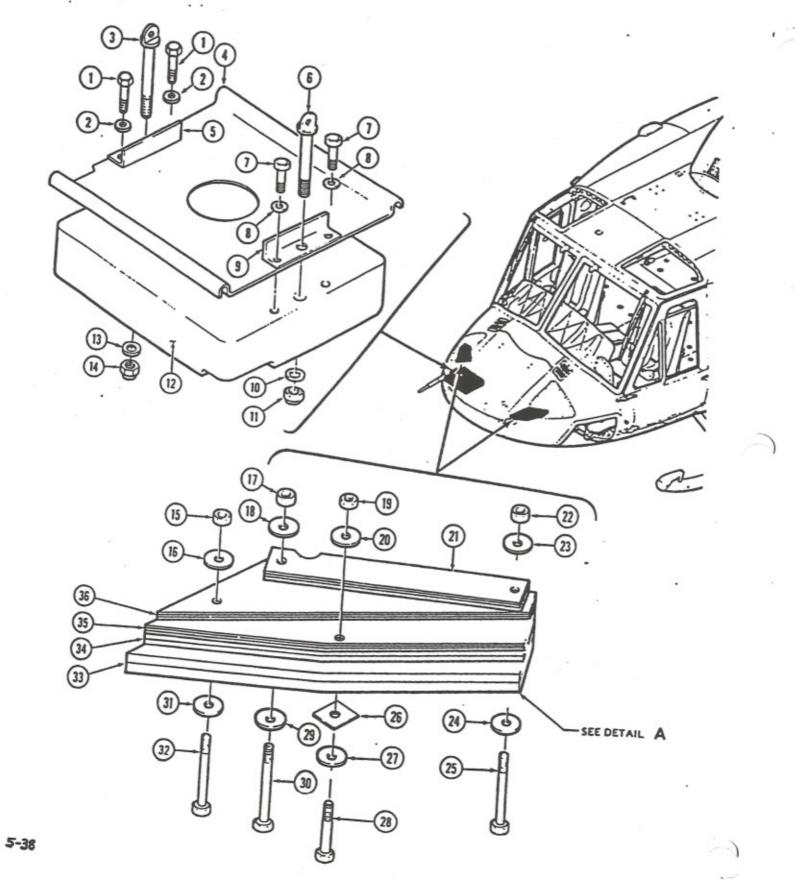
#### BAGGAGE COMPARTMENT

Additional internal cargo space of 28 cubic feet is available in the baggage compartment which is located in the tail boom. It can carry a total of 400 pounds. Access to the baggage compartment is through a door approximately 28" x 21" and located on the right side of the helicopter.

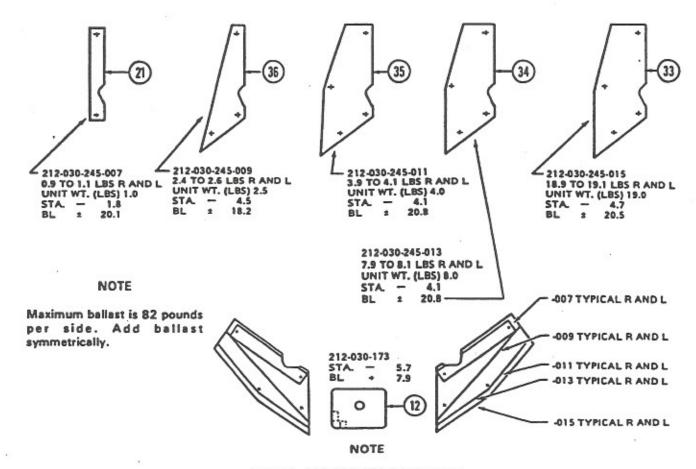
A three section cargo net is installed for securing the baggage and to prevent shifting during flight. The door handle contains a lock. The compartment has interior lights that are controlled by a door actuated switch.



# FORWARD BALLAST LOCATION



# FORWARD BALLAST LOCATION (continued)



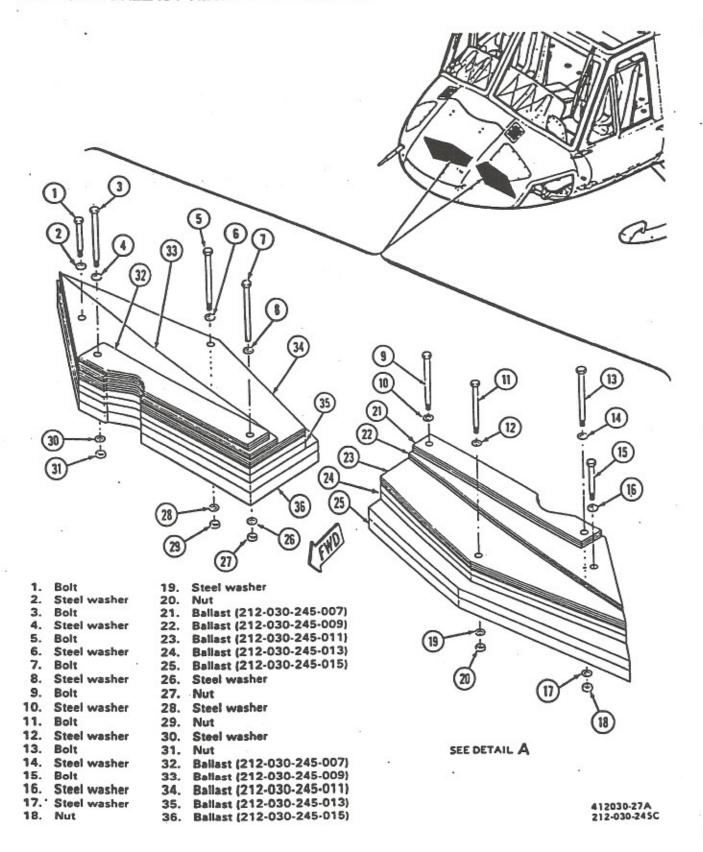
Item 12 212-030-173-9 ballast not included in 164 pound maximum weight.

#### ACTUAL WEIGHT IS STAMPED ON EACH 212-030-173 WEIGHT

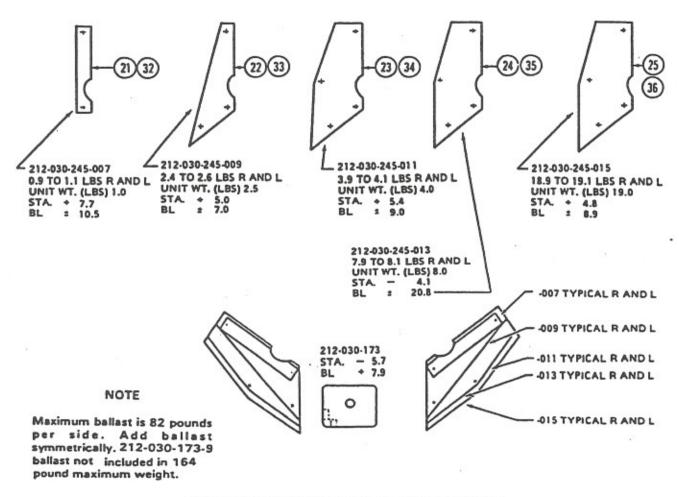
#### DETAIL A

1.	Bolt	19.	Nut
2.	Aluminum washer	20.	Steel washer
3.	Eyebolt	21.	Ballast (212-030-245-007)
. 4.	Pan	22.	Nut
5.	Bracket	23.	Steel washer
6.	Eyebolt	24.	Steel washer
7.	Bolt	25.	Bolt
8.	Aluminum washer	26.	Block
9.	Bracket	27.	Steel washer
10.	Aluminum washer	28.	Bolt
11.	Nut '	29.	Steel washer
12.	Ballast (212-030-173-009)	30.	Bolt
13.	Aluminum washer	31.	Steel washer
14.	Nut	32.	Bolt
15.	Nut -	33.	Ballast (212-030-245-015)
16.	Steel washer	34.	Ballast (212-030-245-013)
17.	Nut	35.	Ballast (212-030-245-011)
18.	Steel washer	36.	Ballast (212-030-245-009)

#### FORWARD BALLAST ALTERNATE LOCATION

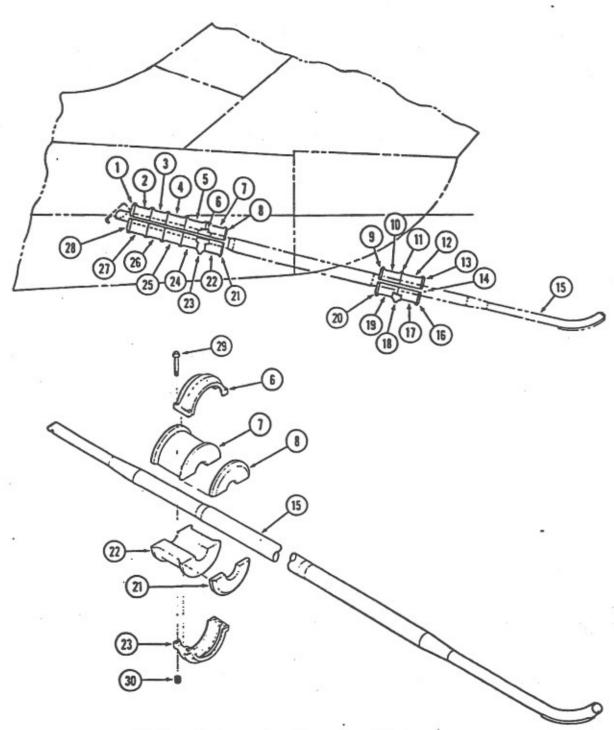


# FORWARD BALLAST ALTERNATE LOCATION (continued)



# ACTUAL WEIGHT IS STAMPED ON EACH 212-030-173 WEIGHT DETAIL A

# AFT BALLAST LOCATION



NOTE: Maximum allowable number of ballast (weights) are illustrated. Determine number of weights required from text.

412030-1-1